

Question:	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	Total
Points:	10	10	15	20	15	15	15	100
Score:								

Easier: 1,2    Medium: 3,4,5    Harder: 6,7

- (10 points) Prove that any group of order 45 is not simple.
- (10 points) Show that the ideal generated by 7 and  $x^3 - 2$  in  $\mathbb{Z}[x]$  is maximal.
- (a) (10 points) Find all intermediate fields between  $\mathbb{Q}$  and  $\mathbb{Q}(\sqrt{2}, \sqrt{3})$ .  
(b) (5 points) Show that  $\sqrt{5}$  is not an element  $\mathbb{Q}(\sqrt{2}, \sqrt{3})$ .
- (a) (10 points) Prove that every PID is a UFD.  
(b) (10 points) Show that  $\mathbb{Z}[\sqrt{-1}]$  is a UFD.
- (15 points) Let  $F$  be a finite field of order  $p^n$  where  $p$  is a prime and  $n$  a positive integer. Prove that there is exactly one subfield of order  $p^m$  for each divisor  $m$  of  $n$ .
- (15 points) Let  $M$  be a finite generated module over a commutative ring  $R$  with identity and  $\phi : M \rightarrow M$  be an  $R$ -module homomorphism. Prove that there exists a polynomial  $p(x)$  in  $R[x]$  such that  $p(\phi) = 0$  as an element in the  $R$ -algebra  $\text{Hom}_R(M, M)$  of  $R$ -module homomorphisms.
- (15 points) Let  $p$  be a prime and let  $G$  be a finite group whose Sylow  $p$ -subgroup is normal. Show that the number of elements of order  $p$  in  $G$  is congruent to  $-1$  modulo  $p$ .