

Question:	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	Total
Points:	15	15	10	15	15	15	15	100
Score:								

Easier: 3,6 Medium: 1,2,5 Harder: 4,7

- (15 points) Let  $p \neq q$  be primes. Prove that any group of order  $p^2q$  is not simple.
- (15 points) Prove that the symmetric group  $S_5$  is not solvable.
- Let  $f : R \rightarrow S$  be a homomorphism between commutative rings with identity.
  - (5 points) Prove that  $f^{-1}(P)$  is a prime ideal in  $R$  for any prime ideal  $P$  in  $S$ .
  - (5 points) Give an example to show that there exists a ring homomorphism  $f : R \rightarrow S$  and a maximal ideal  $M$  of  $S$  such that  $f^{-1}(M)$  is not a maximal ideal of  $R$ .
- (15 points) Describe all the prime ideals of the polynomial ring  $\mathbb{Z}[x]$  over the ring of integers.
- (15 points) Let  $F$  be a finite field of order  $p^n$  where  $p$  is a prime and  $n$  a positive integer. Prove that there is exactly one subfield of order  $p^m$  for each divisor  $m$  of  $n$ .
- (15 points) Let  $E$  be the splitting field of  $x^3 - 2$  over  $\mathbb{Q}$ . Describe the subgroup lattice of the Galois group  $\text{Gal}(E/\mathbb{Q})$  and the subfield lattice of  $E$ .
- (15 points) Let  $M$  be a finite generated module over a commutative ring  $R$  with identity and  $\phi : M \rightarrow M$  be an  $R$ -module homomorphism. Prove that there exists a polynomial  $p(x)$  in  $R[x]$  such that  $p(\phi) = 0$  as an element in the  $R$ -algebra  $\text{Hom}_R(M, M)$  of  $R$ -module homomorphisms.