

Answer all Questions

- (1) (a) Given the area of the circular disk $\{(x, y) : x^2 + y^2 \leq 1\}$ is equal to π , find the area of the elliptical disk given by $\{(x, y) : 2x^2 + 2xy + 5y^2 \leq 1\}$. (10%)

- (b) Let $B = \{(x, y) : 0 \leq x + y \leq 2, 0 \leq y - x \leq 2\}$. Evaluate the integral

$$\iint_B (y^2 - x^2) e^{\frac{x^2+y^2}{2}} d(x, y). \quad (10\%)$$

2. (a) Show that $\int_0^{+\infty} e^{-x^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{2}$. (10%)

- (b) Show that $\Gamma(\frac{1}{2}) = \sqrt{\pi}$, where $\Gamma(\alpha) = \int_0^{+\infty} e^{-x} x^{\alpha-1} dx$ is the Gamma function. (10%)

3. (a) Show that $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\sin nx}{n}$ is convergent for all $x \in \mathbb{R}$. (10%)

- (b) Show that $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\sin nx}{n}$ is uniformly convergent on $[a, b] \subseteq (0, 2\pi)$. (10%)

4. (a) Let f be defined on $D \subseteq \mathbb{R}^p$ to \mathbb{R}^q , $p, q \geq 1$, and suppose f is uniformly continuous on D . If $\{x_n\}$ is a Cauchy sequence in D , show that $\{f(x_n)\}$ is a Cauchy sequence in \mathbb{R}^q . (10%)

- (b) Suppose that $f : (0, 1) \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ is uniformly continuous on $(0, 1)$. Show that f can be defined at $x = 0$ and $x = 1$ in such a way that it becomes continuous on $[0, 1]$. (10%)

5. A set \mathcal{F} of functions on $K \subseteq \mathbb{R}^p$ to \mathbb{R}^q is said to be uniformly equicontinuous on K if, for each $\epsilon > 0$, there exists $\delta(\epsilon) > 0$ such that if $x, y \in K$ and $\|x - y\| < \delta(\epsilon)$, $f \in \mathcal{F}$, then $\|f(x) - f(y)\| < \epsilon$. Now, let $\{f_n\}$ be a sequence of continuous functions on \mathbb{R} to \mathbb{R}^q which converges at each point of the set Q of rationals. If $\{f_n\}$ is uniformly equicontinuous on \mathbb{R} ,

- (a) show that $\{f_n\}$ converges at every point of \mathbb{R} . (10%)

- (b) show that $\{f_n\}$ is uniformly convergent on every compact set of \mathbb{R} . (10%)